

Flow sheet for publicity purposes

30 September 2015

To:

- AQA for Rural contractors, Aggregate News, website & Q & M Magazine
- IOQ for website & newsletter
- Civil Contractors NZ for website & Contractor Magazine
- MinEx for newsletter & website
- Minerals West Coast
- Forestry Contractors
- Local Government (District & Regional councils)

MinEx has updated the flow sheet issued in April 2015 following comments on the first version, feed back at the MinEx & WorkSafe H&S Forums and the release of draft 3 of the good practice guideline *Health and Safety at Opencast Mines, Alluvial Mines and Quarries*.

Is my site a quarry operation and am I a quarry operator?

The flow-sheet in this document has been developed to assist a number of industries in understanding their potential obligations under the Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992 and the Health and Safety in

Employment (Mining Operations and Quarrying Operations) Regulations 2013.

There are many instances across New Zealand where companies are engaged in activities that fall under the technical definition of *Quarry Operations* as defined in the 16 December 2013 amendment to the Act. Those operations that fall under these regulations are subject to a number of codes, guidelines and regulations that companies need to be aware of and to follow. However some activities which technically meet this definition are not considered quarries by WorkSafe.

The industries where confusion is most likely are:

- Earthmoving whether it be via contractors or a company's own equipment;
- Forestry operations;
- Road construction; and,
- Farming.

19N Meaning of quarrying operation

- (1) In this Act, quarrying operation—
 - (a) means an activity carried out above ground for the purpose of—
 - (i) extracting any material, other than any coal or any mineral, from the earth; or
 - (ii) processing any material, other than any coal or any mineral, at the place where the material is extracted; and
 - (b) includes the place where an activity described in paragraph (a) is carried out; and
 - (c) includes any place in which any material extracted or processed in a quarry is crushed or screened.
- (2) Subsection (1) applies whether or not the material is to be extracted or processed for commercial gain and whether or not the material is extracted or processed by the use of explosives.

Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992 - 16 Dec 2013

The 3rd draft of the Good Practice Guideline *Health and Safety at Opencast Mines Alluvial Mines and Quarries* provides assistance in interpreting the definition of a quarry.

A quarry includes:

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- all the surface extraction workings including preparatory and abandonment works;
- tips (or dumps) associated with and in the vicinity of the site where

Mineral means a naturally occurring inorganic substance beneath or at the surface of the earth, and—

- (a) includes metallic minerals, nonmetallic minerals, and precious stones: but
- (b) does not include clay, coal, gravel, limestone, sand, or stone Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992 - 16 Dec 2013

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MinEx | Straterra Inc. Ground Level, 93 The Terrace | PO Box 10668 | Wellington 6143, New ZealandFile: Am | a quarry september 30 2013



the material is extracted, crushed or screened;

- working stockpiles associated with and in the vicinity of the site where the material is extracted, crushed or screened;
- settling ponds associated with and in the vicinity of the site where the material is extracted, crushed or screened;
- areas used for processing extracted materials (including washing, drying and bagging), where the processing is carried out on site where the extraction is undertaken;
- areas used for crushing or screening extracted or processed materials, regardless of whether it is at the place the material was extracted;
- the buildings and structures at the quarry used for the working of the quarry;
- common areas (eg quarry roadways and railways, but not public roads or railways under the control of a rail company); and,
- quarries in a forest, on a farm or on Crown or public land (eg council reserves or river beds)
 regardless of whether the extraction is of an intermittent nature or not.

The following are **not** considered to be quarries:

- civil or building construction sites (both residential and commercial) where cut to fill is undertaken
 unless the construction is associated with the development of the quarry;
- secondary processing facilities (eg hot mix or concrete) unless the extracted material is crushed and screened at the secondary processing facility;
- recycling aggregate plants;
- stockpiles at dormant quarries and dormant river gravel extraction sites;
- small scale, non-complex extraction carried out on farmland solely in support of farming (ie no tips, highwalls, explosives or processing);
- small scale, non-complex extraction carried out in forests solely in support of forestry operations (ie no tips, highwalls, explosives or processing); and
- non-complex extraction of gravel from river beds where there is no mechanical processing.

The use of static grizzlies to remove oversize material is not considered to be mechanical processing.

In addition to these helpful hints you should also work your way through the attached Flowsheet.

If your site fits the definition of a quarry explained above and after application of the Flowsheet then there are three main issues that all quarry operators need to be aware of are:

- You will need to have a person in charge of each quarry site that holds a Certificate of Competency (CoC) issued by the Board of Examiners;
- Your operation falls under certain sections of the 2013 regulations referred to above; and,
- You will need to be aware of and should follow a number of WorkSafe guidelines and approved codes of practice, the most important of which is the WorkSafe good practice guideline entitled: Health and Safety at Surface Mines, Alluvial Mines and Quarries which is expected to be issued in late October early November 2015.

Certificates of competency

A CoC is proof that the holder has achieved the required level of knowledge (unit standards) and relevant experience to safely operate a quarry. A Board of Examiners was established by Worksafe late in 2014 and consists of a number of industry sectors experts. The quarry sector board members are Andy Loader, Steve Ellis and Dean Torstonson and details of the board can be found on the WorkSafe website here.

The Board has a number of duties including:



- Advising WorkSafe on competency requirements for mine and quarry workers;
- Examine applicants, or have applicants examined for certificates of competence; and,
- Issue, renew, cancel and suspend certificates of competence.

The certificates of competency required at a quarry operation is either an A Grade Quarry Certificate or a B Grade Quarry certificate and the flowsheet will assist you in determining which of these you require.

Application of the 2103 regulations

Most of the regulations currently only apply to Mining Operations. However *Quarry Operations* are subject to the following sections:

- Part 1 Safety-critical roles and competency requirements excluding sub-parts 1 & 3;
- Part 11 Transitional provisions, revocations, and consequential amendments; and,
- Schedule 1 Application, savings, and transitional provisions.

Will I be shut down if I continue to operate without a CoC holder?

The answer to that is no. WorkSafe (High Hazard Unit or HHU) has issued a position paper on this issue that can be found here.

If a quarry manager does not have the required certificate of competence, an HHU Extractives inspector will consider issuing an improvement notice under Health and Safety in Employment Act 1992 for a period of up to one year to enable the quarry manager to gain the certificate of competence. If this improvement notice is issued it will state that the quarry may continue to operate while the quarry manager gains the relevant certificate of competence.

Before an inspector makes a decision to issue an improvement notice the quarry operator will need to advise HHU Extractives on how health and safety systems are being implemented in the quarrying operation and satisfy HHU Extractives that safety is being appropriately managed.

Any operation that, having worked through the Flowsheet, decides they are a *Quarry Operation* and does not have the appropriate CoC holder managing the operation, should contact WorkSafe and advise them of the situation.

If you meet the definition of a quarry as set out here and wish to commence training for the required CoC then contact the following organisations who are able to arrange or provide your training:

- Tai Poutini Polytech Peter O'Sullivan at <u>petero@tpp.ac.nz</u>
- Mines Rescue Pat Russell at patricia.russell@minesrescue.org.nz
- ACT Safety Graham Platts at graham@actsafety.co.nz
- MITO website at https://mito.org.nz/extractive

Les McCracken CEO MinEx 28 September 2015



